# GENERAL FUND THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN 2019-2020-2021

### INTRODUCTION

This three-year financial plan, issued by the City of Columbus, Department of Finance and Management, is for calendar years 2019, 2020 and 2021.

The purpose of a three-year financial plan is to enable the city to expand the focus of its fiscal decision-making from the one-year horizon provided by the annual budget process to a multi-year horizon. This will allow for more extensive deliberations of the impact of policy options the city may consider. While technically less detailed and complicated than the annual budget, a financial plan provides the basis for identifying and quantifying the implications of budget decisions and the economic realities faced by the city.

Utilization of a multi-year financial planning process is an important component in continuing to maintain the city's economic health. The plan aids the Finance and Management Department in preparing for the Mayor's next budget proposal (2020 Budget), and also provides a sense of the economic outlook for one additional year beyond the budget year.

# TARGET BUDGETING

The Finance and Management Department uses a budget methodology in which each city department funded with general fund dollars is provided a target amount for the budget year. That amount represents the department's proportionate share of projected revenues for the budget year, based upon its share of the prior year's distribution of general fund appropriations, with certain adjustments.

This plan will help form the basis for the target budgets and instructions given to each city department to use in developing their budget proposals for the next year (2020).

# THE PLAN OUTLINE

The three-year financial plan includes the City Council adopted budget for 2019 as well as projections for 2020 and 2021. Only the city's general fund is included in the plan. Actual 2018 data is also provided as a point of reference.

The plan includes five tables:

Table 1	General Fund – Plan Summary
Table 2	General Fund – Current Revenues
Table 3	General Fund – Current Expenditures
Table 4	General Fund – Proposals to Eliminate the Gap
Table 5	General Fund – Assumptions

It is most instructive to discuss each table of the plan in the following order: Tables 5, 2, 3, 4 and finally 1.

# **TABLE 5 – ASSUMPTIONS**

Table 5 details the assumptions upon which current revenue and expenditure estimates contained in the plan are based.

Where applicable, assumptions contained within the 10-year general fund pro forma produced for the 2019 annual budget are carried forward into this financial plan. However, in some instances, pro forma assumptions have been modified since several months have passed since the 2019 budget document and pro forma were developed.

Assistance was received from departments that received general fund moneys in 2019 in estimating the effect of the expenditures of the recently adopted 2019 budget on the 2020 and 2021 projections herein.

Expenditure assumptions outlined on Table 5 include the timing and number of police and fire recruit classes as well as the projected numbers of police and fire separations.

A \$1 million transfer to the economic stabilization fund (ESF) is included in the 2020 projections, reflecting the city's goal of building the ESF to \$80 million by the end of 2020. Another \$1 million is projected to be transferred in 2021.

To replenish the anticipated expenditure fund for the next occurrence of a 27<sup>th</sup> pay period, transfers from the general fund of \$2.61 million and \$2.69 million are projected in 2020 and 2021, respectively.

# **TABLE 2 - REVENUES**

Table 2 includes actual revenues for 2018, and estimates developed by the Finance and Management Department for 2019, 2020, and 2021.

At this time, the 2019 Finance and Management Department revenue estimate is the same as the City Auditor's. Finance and Management's 2019 estimate serves as the basis for the 2020 and 2021 revenue projections. These projections total \$899.19 million in 2020 and \$924.42 million in 2021.

Revenue assumptions are provided on Table 5. The city's top revenue generating sources are described in more detail below.

**Income Tax** – The city's primary source of revenue is the income tax – it comprises approximately 78 percent of total revenues to the general fund. In August, 2009, voters approved a half percent increase in the city's income tax rate, taking it from 2.0 percent to 2.5 percent. The increase went into effect on October 1, 2009. Finance and Management's current income tax estimate for 2019 is \$684.3 million. A growth rate of 3.0 percent is used for the income tax in both 2020 and 2021 for purposes of this plan.

**Property Tax –** Approximately 5.7 percent of general fund revenues come from the property tax. The City Auditor currently estimates a 7.29 percent increase in property tax receipts in 2019. Increases of 2.0 percent and 2.5 percent are assumed in 2020 and 2021, respectively.

**Local Government Funds –** Local government funds comprise approximately 2.3 percent of general fund revenues. Local government funds are projected to decrease by 0.4 percent in 2019 and grow by 1.0% in both 2020 and 2021.

**Casino Tax** – In 2009, a constitutional amendment was passed in Ohio, allowing for casinos in four Ohio cities. In 2012, as casinos opened in the State of Ohio, the state began collecting taxes on casino revenues. The city's share of revenue for 2019 is estimated at \$6.8 million. These revenues are assumed to grow by 3.0 percent in both 2020 and 2021, totaling \$7.0 million and \$7.2 million, respectively.

**Total Revenues –** Details on the city's other revenue sources are outlined in Table 5. Total revenues are projected to increase by 2.73 percent in 2020 and 2.81 percent in 2021.

### TABLE 3 – EXPENDITURES

Table 3 outlines expenditures broken down by personnel and non-personnel categories. Significant expenditure assumptions include:

- Police
  - o 2 police classes in 2020; 45 recruits in June and December.
  - o 2 police classes in 2021; 45 recruits in June and December.
    - Assumes 90 uniformed retirements in both 2020 and 2021.
- Fire
  - o 2 fire classes in 2020; 35 recruits in June and December.
  - o 2 fire classes in 2021; 35 recruits in June and 40 in December.
    - Assumes 70 uniformed retirements in 2020 and 75 retirements in 2021.
- <u>Personnel (i.e., salary and wage) increases</u> are projected at rates consistent with current bargaining agreements or salary ordinances.
- Health insurance costs are assumed to increase by 2.5 percent in 2020 and 2021.
- <u>Citywide pension costs</u> include the employee and the employer's share. Until recently, the city paid 100 percent of the employee's share of the Ohio Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) costs. Beginning in 2010, however, one percent per year was shifted to the employee for members of CWA, FOP-OLC, and MCP, followed by AFSCME in 2011. The financial plan anticipates further increases in the employees' contribution for the duration of the plan. Additionally, all new MCP, CWA, FOP-OLC, and AFSCME employees are now responsible for 100 percent of their own contribution to OPERS. For employees of the Police and Fire Pension Fund, the FOP's pick-up is projected to decrease to zero by the end of 2020. The IAFF pick-up was reduced to zero in October 2014. The employee share of pension costs projected for this report reflects the rate in effect for each employee group at a given point in time. This is to be distinguished from the current employer share, which will continue to be paid by the city.
- Inflationary increases of 2 percent were assumed for most goods and services.
- In 2019, \$2.63 million in <u>social services contracts</u> was funded out of the emergency human services fund. The balance was picked up by the general fund. Projections for 2020 and 2021 assume the emergency human services fund will continue to fund some portion of social service contracts.
- In 2018, no dollars were budgeted in the general fund to purchase replacement vehicles. Again in 2019, no such funds were budgeted; rather vehicle replacement moneys were budgeted in the special income tax fund (SIT). It is assumed for purposes of this report that this trend will continue into 2020 and 2021 and as such, no projections are included herein for this purpose.

- <u>Transfers</u> out of the general fund into the economic stabilization fund will total \$1.75 million in 2019 and \$1.0 million in 2020 and 2021. Similarly, transfers from the general fund to the anticipated expenditure (or 27<sup>th</sup> pay period) fund will total \$2.53 million in 2019, \$2.61 million in 2020 and \$2.69 million in 2021.
- <u>Safety</u> The Department of Public Safety receives the largest share of the general fund budget. The following table provides a breakdown of safety related expenditures and compares them to the total general fund for all departments:

# **Department of Public Safety**

	Actual		Budget		E	stimate	Е	stimate
	2018			2019		2020		2021
Personnel	\$	569.24	\$	570.72	\$	604.58	\$	623.28
Citywide Transfers <sup>1</sup>		2.04		2.04		2.10		2.17
Other Capital (Fleet Only)		-		-		-		-
All other Non-Personnel		41.31		51.81	_	48.79		50.07
Grand Total Safety Department	\$	612.59	\$	624.57	\$	655.47	\$	675.51
Grand Total All Departments	\$	891.10	\$	914.15	\$	950.17	\$	978.13
Safety % of Total		68.75%		68.32%		68.98%		69.06%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> In 2018, safety comprised 83% of total general fund personnel costs. It is therefore assumed that 83% of the deposit to the anticipated expenditure fund will be used for safety personnel costs.

# TABLE 4 – PROPOSALS TO ELIMINATE THE GAP

Table 4 outlines the proposals to eliminate the gaps between current revenues and projected expenditures. In 2020 and 2021, it is notable that the gap includes "new needs" identified by departments as part of their financial plan submission. Options to reduce the gap include encumbrance cancellations, use of the prior year's unencumbered general fund balance, projected revenue above that set by the City Auditor, spending below existing appropriation and basic city services fund or other fund transfers.

Specific substantive and policy-impacting proposals to eliminate the gap are part of the ongoing budget and general fiscal discussions of the city. The financial plan itself does not present detail of the varied proposals and options for achieving balance. Such proposals will be a separate, ongoing activity of the current budget year and the budget planning processes for 2020 and eventually 2021.

# TABLE 1 - PLAN SUMMARY

Table 1 captures data from Tables 2-4 (Current Revenues, Current Expenditures, and Proposals to Eliminate the Gap) in order to provide a summarized overview of the projected financial situation faced by the city through year 2021.

The gap between current revenues and current expenditures can be seen in this table. The 2019 gap is eliminated by the large carryover from 2018 and a transfer from the basic city services fund. The 2020 and 2021 gaps will be eliminated through increased revenues, reduced expenditures or some combination thereof.

# THE FINANCIAL PLAN IN SUMMARY

Once beginning balances and/or one-time transfers are taken into consideration, the city's three-year financial plan shows that in order to balance the upcoming 2020 budget, \$42.2 million in some combination of additional revenues and/or expenditure reductions will be necessary. Likewise, to balance in 2021, \$45.0 million in adjustments are needed. Funding for "new-needs" totaling \$4.5 million and \$5.0 million are included in 2020 and 2021, respectively.

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### TABLE 1 GENERAL FUND - PLAN SUMMARY THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN 2019-2020-2021

	Year#		1	2	3
		Actual 2018	Budget 2019	Estimate 2020	Estimate 2021
TOTAL CURRENT REVENUE		\$ 860.85	\$ 875.27	\$ 899.19	\$ 924.42
CURRENT EXPENDITURES					
Personnel		686.35	741.77	780.90	804.49
Materials, Services, Transfers and All Other		201.08	168.10	161.16	164.95
Deposits (includes repayments to ESF and deposits to anticipated exp. fund)		3.66	4.28	3.61	3.69
TOTAL CURRENT EXPENDITURES		891.10	914.15	945.67	973.13
GAP (DIFFERENCE REVENUE/EXPENDITURES)		(30.25)	(38.88)	(46.48)	(48.71)
New Needs		-	-	4.50	5.00
Miscellaneous		-	-	-	
GAP TO BE CLOSED		(30.25)	(38.88)	(50.98)	(53.71)
PROPOSALS TO ELIMINATE THE GAP					
Encumbrance Cancellations		8.09	5.00	5.00	5.00
Unencumbered Balance		17.67	16.17	-	-
Other Transfers		20.62	17.71	3.75	3.75
Additional Revenue/Expenditure Changes Needed to Balance		=	-	42.23	44.96
TOTAL PROPOSALS TO ELIMINATE THE GAP		46.38	38.88	50.98	53.71
REMAINING GAP TO BE CLOSED ( - ) / BALANCE ( + )		\$ 16.17	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

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# TABLE 2 GENERAL FUND - CURRENT REVENUES THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN 2019-2020-2021

Year#	#		1		1			2		3
		Actual 2018	ı	Estimate 2019		Estimate 2019	E	stimate 2020	ı	Estimate 2021
Revenue Estimate Source:		Actual		Auditor Est		Finance & Mgmt.		Finance & Mgmt.		Finance & Mgmt.
URRENT REVENUE										
Income Tax	\$	668.69	\$	684.26	\$	684.26	\$	704.79	\$	725.93
Property Tax		49.25		52.84		52.84		53.35		55.11
Casino Tax		6.94		6.75		6.75		6.95		7.16
KWH Tax		3.32		2.79		2.79		3.00		3.00
Hotel/Motel Tax		-		-		-		-		-
Total Taxes and Assessments		728.20		746.64		746.64		768.09		791.21
Local Government Fund		19.89		19.81		19.81		20.01		20.21
Estate Tax		-		-		-		-		-
Liquor Permit Fund, Cigarette Tax, Other		1.34		1.27		1.27		1.29		1.32
Total Shared Revenues		21.23		21.09		21.09		21.30		21.53
License and Permit Fees		11.93		11.36		11.36		11.47		11.58
Fines and Penalties		18.48		18.99		18.99		19.18		19.37
Investment Earnings		12.24		13.05		13.05		13.44		13.44
Charges for Services		65.69		61.98		61.98		63.53		65.12
All Other Revenue		3.08		2.17		2.17		2.17		2.17
Total Other Revenue		111.42		107.55		107.55		109.79		111.69
TOTAL CURRENT REVENUE	\$	860.85	\$	875.27	\$	875.27	\$	899.19	\$	924.42

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# TABLE 3 GENERAL FUND - CURRENT EXPENDITURES THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN 2019-2020-2021

	Year#			1		2			3
		Actual 2018		Budget 2019		ı			Estimate 2021
CURRENT EXPENDITURES									
Personnel:									
Salaries	(	\$	461.64	\$	502.38	\$	532.54	\$	549.75
Insurance			116.17		121.64		126.81		130.91
Benefits	_		108.54		117.75		123.80		126.33
Total Personnel	(	\$	686.35	\$	741.77	\$	783.15	\$	806.99
Non-Personnel:									
Technology			17.30		18.70		19.26		19.84
Fleet Maintenance			25.71		28.54		28.74		29.75
Other Capital			0.05		0.27		0.27		0.28
Materials & Supplies			10.02		12.19		12.44		12.69
Services			63.55		76.60		78.16		79.72
Other			16.17		0.46		0.47		0.48
_Transfers <sup>1</sup>			68.29		31.36		24.08		24.71
Total Non-Personnel	Ç	\$	201.08	\$	168.10	\$	163.41	\$	167.45
Deposits:									
Economic Stabilization Fund			1.20		1.75		1.00		1.00
Anticipated Expenditure Fund			2.46		2.53		2.61		2.69
Total Deposits			3.66		4.28		3.61		3.69
TOTAL CURRENT EXPENDITURES	;	\$	891.10	\$	914.15	\$	950.17	\$	978.13

<sup>(1)</sup> Transfers primarily reflect items budgeted in the citywide account that are later expensed elsewhere (e.g., legal settlements). Economic stabilization fund and anticipated expenditure fund deposits are shown separately. General fund subsidies to Health and Recreation and Parks, normally appearing as general fund transfers, have been allocated to the other categories on a proportional basis for those two departments (except for 2018 actuals).

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# TABLE 4 GENERAL FUND - PROPOSALS TO ELIMINATE THE GAP THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN 2019-2020-2021

	Year #			1		2		3
		Actual 2018		Budget 2019		-		 timate 2021
PROPOSALS TO ELIMINATE THE GAP								
Encumbrance Cancellations		\$	8.09	\$	5.00	\$	5.00	\$ 5.00
Unencumbered Balance			17.67		16.17		-	-
Additional revenue or Expenditure Changes Needed to Balance			-		-		42.23	44.96
Transfers from Economic Stabilization Fund			-		-		-	-
Transfer from Basic City Services Fund			16.78		12.96		-	-
Other Transfers			3.83		4.75		3.75	3.75
Expenditure Reductions to Balance Original Budget			-		-		-	-
TOTAL PROPOSALS TO ELIMINATE THE GAP		\$	46.38	\$	38.88	\$	50.98	\$ 53.71

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# TABLE 5 GENERAL FUND - ASSUMPTIONS THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN 2019-2020-2021

REVE	NUES		<u>2020</u>	2021
1	Income Tax	Expert Judgment	3.00%	3.00%
2	Property Tax	Expert Judgment	2.00%	2.50%
3	KWH Tax	Expert Judgment	7.53%	0.00%
4	Hotel/Motel Tax	Eliminated Deposit to GF in 2014	0.00%	0.00%
5	Casino Tax	Pro Forma Growth Rate	3.00%	3.00%
6	Local Govt. Fund	Expert Judgment	1.00%	1.00%
7	Estate Tax	Eliminated in 2013	0.00%	0.00%
8	Liquor, Cigarette, Other	2009 - 2018 Average Actual Growth Rate, 10 Years	1.64%	1.64%
9	License and Permit Fees	Pro Forma Growth Rate	1.00%	1.00%
10	Cable Fees	Pro Forma Growth Rate	1.00%	1.00%
11	Fines and Penalties	Expert Judgment	1.00%	1.00%
12	Investment Earnings	Expert Judgment	3.00%	0.00%
13	EMS	Expert Judgment	2.50%	2.50%
14	Pro Rata	Expert Judgment	2.50%	2.50%
15	Other Charges for Service	Expert Judgment	2.50%	2.50%
16	All Other Revenue	Expert Judgment	0.00%	0.00%

# **EXPENDITURES**

- 1 Inflationary increases totaling 2% per year for 2020 and 2021 for most basic goods and services are assumed.
- **Vacancy credits** are assumed in many divisions' projections, the amounts of which vary depending upon the size of the division and the rate of employee turnover.
- The recycling contract is assumed to be funded in part by the SCMR fund in 2019, 2020 and 2021.
- 4 Citywide memberships increase by 2% each year.
- The **Public Defender** contract increases by 2% each year.
- 6 Safety recruit classes, separations, other

### Police:

2 recruit classes are projected in 2020 - class of 45 recruits in June and 45 in December.

2 recruit classes are projected in 2021 - class of 45 recruits in June and 45 in December.

90 separations are projected in 2020.

90 separations are projected in 2021.

Sworn overtime costs are projected to total \$9.9 mil. in 2020 and \$10.2 mil. in 2021.

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# TABLE 5 (continued) GENERAL FUND - ASSUMPTIONS THREE-YEAR FINANCIAL PLAN 2019-2020-2021

### **EXPENDITURES** (continued)

- 7 Fire:
  - 2 recruit classes are projected in 2020 class of 35 recruits in June and 35 in December.
  - 2 recruit classes are projected in 2021 class of 35 recruits in June and 40 in December.
  - 70 separations are projected in 2020.
  - 75 separations are projected in 2021.
  - Sworn overtime costs are projected to total \$8.9 mil. in 2020 and \$9.2 mil. in 2021.
- **Police and Fire termination pay** for sworn personnel is paid out of the general fund in 2020 and 2021. Projected revenue for **E-911** funds are \$1.4 mil. in 2020 and \$1.4 mil. in 2021.
- **Social Service Contracts** are funded by both the general and emergency human services (EHS) funds in 2019, with \$2.37 mil. in general fund and \$2.63 mil. in EHS funds. An inflation factor of 2% is applied for 2020 and 2021.
- 10 Additional funds are projected to fund economic development incentive agreements in 2020 and 2021.
- 11 Technology costs for 2020 and 2021 are increased by 3%.
- 12 Fleet costs for 2020 and 2021 are based on that division's financial plan submission for each customer.
- 13 Legal Settlement costs of \$1.0 million in 2019, \$2.0 million in 2020, and \$2.5 million in 2021 are assumed.
- 14 Anticipated expenditure fund deposits total \$2.5 mil. in 2019, \$2.6 mil. in 2020 and \$2.7 mil. in 2021.
- **Health insurance** costs are inflated by 2.5% in both 2020 and 2021.
- A workers' compensation rate of 3% was used in 2019, 2020 and 2021.
- 17 Economic stabilization fund deposits will total \$1.75 mil. in 2019, and \$1.0 mil. in 2020 and 2021.

#### PROPOSALS TO ELIMINATE THE GAP

- 1 Make full use of encumbrance cancellations and prior year carryover.
- 2 Reduce expenditures, eliminate or postpone some "new needs" pending identification of additional resources.
- 3 Identify additional revenues.